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Setting: mild classroom Participants: IS31 (lakers sweater, male), S1 (glasses, male), S2 (gray sweater, female), S3 (hat, male, black jacket), S4 (female, maroon sweater)

0:00 XXX IS31: for part b: you ca:n just check the number on the table. XXX S1: (.1) ah XXX IS31: because the table gave the probability that x is (.) XXX less than something right?° XXX XXX S1: ((nods)) ah XXX IS31: and then for part c you (.) need to (.1) (transformate). XXX because part c says the probability that z is greater than XXX S1: ((nods)) XXX IS31: so you need to transfer it into (.) one minus (.) the XXX probability that (.) z is less than or equal to x. $^{\circ}$ XXX S1: ((inaudible)) XXX ((pause while IS31 reads notes)) XXX IS31: hm, (.2) XXX oh this one ((points at notes)) XXX ((pause)) XXX XXX yea (.1) XXX yea this is XXX S1: (wait for greater and equal sign.°) (would it be greater or equal°) XXX XXX or like would it be like (.) XXX IS31: uh: this isit doesn't matter XXX because you know XXX XXX for (continuous \uparrow) distribution \downarrow (.1) XXX uh with equal or without equal XXX the probability are the same XXX S1: oh= XXX IS31: =because the probability that (.1) z is equal to the sum minus zero. XXX XXX S1: so I (.) then ((unclear)) XXX IS31: hm? ((could not hear S1)) XXX S1: SO XXX greater or equal to doesn't matter which one°= XXX IS31: =uh: you- you should write it as is but XXX

XXX the probability is the same (.) with that↓° XXX z is (.) less than (.)((points @ paper)) this XXX S1: oh XXX IS31: vea XXX S1: so like (.) even if I write (.) on the table ((unclear)) (it would just go to the same) = XXX XXX IS31: =yea ((nodding)) XXX and the continuous distribution↓ you don't (.) need to worry XXX about this one.° XXX S1: oh= XXX IS31: =but for: XXX uh XXX this quiz (.) (distribution) is (.) not ((unclear)) XXX S1: ((nods)) XXX ((finished with S1, S2 comes in)) XXX S2: for this one, ((unclear)) twenty eight, XXX IS31: ah XXX ((S1 pause while reading notes)) XXX S2: one point (fifty to eight) XXX IS31: uh: ((pause while flipping notes)) XXX XXX S2: here right, ((points at paper)) XXX I got this number, but the answer, XXX it says (zero point) ((unclear)) = XXX IS31: =uh: that- that doesn't matter. XXX maybe he used another (.) XXX S2: ah it doesn't matter? XXX IS31: yea it doesn't matter.= XXX S2: =ah ok XXX IS31: yea it's: such a- such (.) XXX I mean the (.) difference in the last two digits XXX it doesn't XXX S2: oh ok ((pause; resuming their own tasks)) XXX XXX and how do you find this one? ((pointing @ book)) XXX IS31: m: XXX ((pause as they're looking at notes)) XXX S2: ((inaudible)) (.3) cause there's no (.1) table XXX IS31: uh: XXX you can do a approximation. 3:00 XXX you can just view this as (.) zero point zero eight (.1) XXX so: let's: look at this° XXX ((S2 reading notes to herself aloud)) XXX

XXX IS31: point [four XXX S2: [four six eight one? XXX IS31: yea XXX S2: oh: (nods head) XXX IS31: it's doesn't matter (anyways)((unclear)) = XXX S2: =ah: XXX IS31: yea° ((nods)) XXX ((convo between S3, S4; IS31 not involved)) XXX IS31: oh ok ((helping S1)) XXX uh so: XXX ((pause)) uh:° XXX XXX first (.) step is that this, (.) actually this is should be (.) five x minus (.1) XXX XXX ((looks at S1)) five minus x. XXX S1: five (.) x XXX IS31: yea because five x means \downarrow a probability that (.) XXX uh: the >(random variable) < means less than x right? XXX ((S1 nods)) XXX vea so: for this case (.) z should be: less than x= XXX XXX S1: =ok XXX IS31: but greater than minus x. XXX S1: ok= XXX IS31: =so: this should be five x° ((unclear)) and uh (.) another step is that (.) there's a relation↑ XXX between five minus x and five x.° XXX do you remember that? XXX XXX S1: n:o ((shaking head)) CLF IS31: uh: CLF (do you remember this?°) ((hands S1 a paper)) CLF so (.) uh: CLF five ((unclear)) x ((pointing at paper)) CLF this is minus x. so: five x is this part. ((circles something)) CLF CLF right?° XXX S1: like XXX what do you mean CLF IS31: uh: th- this five x CLF XXX S1: yea ((nodding)) CLF IS31: should be th- this part. CLF right° XXX S1: ((unclear)) XXX IS31: yea yea°

XXX and this five minus x is XXX uh XXX this part. (.) right?° XXX S1: yea XXX IS31: so (.) th- and because this is metric. (.2) XXX I mean (.) uh XXX it's metric by this XXX S1: yea XXX IS31: so the sum of these two parts (.1) XXX should be what XXX S1: so: XXX the sum of: half (.) the: entire (.) thing XXX IS31: uh the half the- the part- the sum of (.1) XXX S1: x= XXX IS31: =the error XXX uh: (.) I mean (.1) XXX uh XXX on the left of x and on the left of minus x. (.1)should be what° XXX XXX S1: (.2) half of x (.1) plus (.1) ((unclear))XXX IS31: hm? XXX S1: so wouldn't this one be half of (.) x? XXX (cause since x is bigger than four,) and then: (.) plus (.) this one ((pointing with pen)) XXX XXX IS31: ah yea th- this one plus this ((circles something)) XXX this part XXX ((blank look from S1)) XXX because th- this part is equal to. ((circles something)) XXX ((pause)) XXX mm: XXX for example we can XXX S2: excuse me ((gets phone from under S1)) XXX S1: oh XXX IS31: can divide it into three parts. XXX this is one two (.) three ((circling paper)) 6:00 XXX and the one is equal to ((unclear)) XXX right?= XXX S1: =yea XXX IS31: and the- uh five minus x XXX this is minus x ((unclear)) XXX i:s just part (.) part one.° XXX right° XXX S1: ((nods)) XXX IS31: ((unclear))

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XXX
           and five x (.2) ((writing something down))
XXX
           is the sum of these two parts.° (.1)
XXX
           (cause it's uh (.) left off°)
XXX S1:
           ((slight nod))
XXX IS31: so it's equal to° (.) one plus two,°
           so the sum of this (.) is one plus one plus two.°
XXX
XXX
           and x (.) one is equal to (.) three
XXX
           so it's just (.) one plus two plus three.°(.2)
XXX
           so:
XXX
           how do we know that (area) under this curve is one.^{\circ} (.3)
XXX S1:
           ((nods))
XXX IS31: yea° so (.1)
           the sum of this ((circles))(.1) number (.1)
XXX
XXX
           should be what
           ((hesitantly)) (sorting it?°)
XXX S1:
XXX IS31: hm? ((leans forward))
XXX S1:
           (sorting it?)
XXX
           I don't really completely understand.
XXX IS31: uh:
XXX S1:
           like so
XXX
           when it says like (.)
XXX
           five x (is this (.) everything)
XXX IS31: vea vea
           the error ((area?)) (.) on the left of x.^{\circ}
XXX
XXX S1:
           so like (.) in
XXX
           so when it's saying like (.1)
XXX
           every- when it's saying like it equals (.) point seven five
XXX
           eight
XXX
           it's saying-
XXX IS31: it means
XXX
           thi- this part- part two
XXX S1:
           mm
XXX IS31: part two is
           but as you have transfer it into five x and five minus x.
XXX
XXX
           so you: now you don't need to consider (.) uh this one.
XXX
           you just only need to
XXX
           ((interrupted mid speech by S4))
XXX S4:
           thank you
XXX
           bye ((waves at camera))
XXX IS31: oh bye
XXX S4:
           bye professor ((waves off screen and leaves))
XXX IS31: just need to consider five x and five minus x.°
           ((pause))
XXX
XXX S1:
           (oh)
XXX
           ((pause))
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XXX alright XXX IS31: vea XXX so now the only: XXX mm I mean only step is to replace five minus x. XXX ((S1 nods)) by five x.° XXX XXX and then you can get (.) five x and (.) turn to the table↑ XXX you can (.) get x (.1) ok° (.1) XXX S1: XXX IS31: uh: is that clear? XXX S1: vea XXX IS31: oh ok° ((nods)) XXX S1: thank you XXX S2: can you see something? XXX for part a this one, (.2) XXX why does it start with five? XXX IS31: ((takes paper and reads)) XXX ((unclear, reading question to himself)) XXX S2: I don't understand why this x [should be greater than five XXX IS31: [ah° XXX S2: I think (.) it asks (.) it says ((unclear)) [five XXX IS31: [because XXX they say that (we) will not be (.1) (burglarized) during (.) five years.° XXX XXX S2: during five years?= XXX IS31: =so it means that within these five years XXX there is no: ((looks down to read page)) what no crime? XXX XXX yea no crime. XXX XXX S2: mm : = XXX IS31: =and we know that (.) the:= XXX S2: =oh:9:00 XXX IS31: yea so it means= XXX S2: =wait XXX IS31: ((unclear)) XXX S2: ((reading problem to herself)) XXX mm:: ° ((pause)) XXX IS31: so (the) mean for example XXX mm: the time within two crime. XXX XXX S2: mhm is a (.) >exponential distribution.°< (.2) XXX

XXX and uh (.) for example: before you XXX uh XXX move into this apartment XXX S2: mhm XXX IS31: there is just one crime XXX and so (.) the time (.) till the next crime is a (.1) XXX exponential distribution XXX S2: mhm= XXX IS31: =and uh part a say that (.1) in the first five years there XXX is no crime. so this time should be (.) greater than (.) five years.° XXX XXX S2: so it means (.) after five years XXX IS31: [yea XXX S2: [there m- may be-XXX IS31: there may be a crime XXX but within the first five years there's no crime.° XXX S2: within the five years means (.) greater than five? XXX IS31: u:m XXX S2: or-XXX IS31: because this- the (.) random variable x represents XXX the time [(.) that you XXX S2: [mhm XXX IS31: mm (.) meet one (.) crime XXX right XXX S2: (.2) mm: XXX IS31: and because (.) there is no crime in (.) the first (.) five XXX years, XXX S2: mhm= XXX IS31: =so this crime can only occur: (.) when x is (.) greater than five.° XXX [like in the sixth year, XXX XXX S2: [so it means ((unclear)) XXX IS31: five= XXX S2: =is that mean XXX IS31: [((unclear)) XXX S2: [it will be five? XXX IS31: will not XXX it say will not be. (.) XXX S2: five XXX IS31: I don't know this word XXX but maybe you can- you can just think it's (.) there will XXX not be crime XXX uh ((reads paper)) XXX during this time XXX S2: mm:

XXX IS31: yea XXX ((pause, S2 reading)) XXX S2: mm:: XXX ((pause)) XXX ok XXX ((writes something on paper)) XXX ((pause)) XXX so: (.) wait does my ((unclear)) correct then? XXX XXX ((pause, IS31 reading paper)) XXX IS31: mm: [((unclear)) XXX S2: XXX IS31: [if you (.) XXX want (.) to calculate the (.1) x greater than five so I XXX think (.1) XXX [the equal-XXX S2: [five to infinity? XXX IS31: yea XXX or XXX S1: [bu:t-XXX IS31: [if you calculate this you can use y to minus x.° XXX ((unclear)) XXX S2: but (.2) XXX mm: XXX five to infinity, XXX ((starts writing down)) XXX fx which means XXX I have to start anyway from zero to five. isn't it?° XXX XXX I have to change the interval. isn't it?° XXX 12:00 XXX IS31: uh: well what do you mean by (.) change (interval?°) (.1) XXX XXX because you- you know-XXX S2: cause-XXX IS31: uh th- this two: the sum of this two parts↓ XXX XXX is equal to (.) one (.1)XXX and because that's XXX S2: [mhm XXX IS31: [this and uh if you (.) XXX XXX uh: so: the direct measurement should be \downarrow (.) XXX

XXX do integration of this part ((points)) XXX S2: mhm= XXX IS31: =but if you have calculated this one↓ ((points)) you can just use one to minus (.) that.° XXX and you get° XXX XXX S2: mm: XXX IS31: this° XXX because as you have XXX [done XXX S2: [so this is wrong? ((points @ paper)) XXX IS31: uh: ((nods)) uh XXX you can use this XXX but act- I mean: the probability should be this part XXX S2: oh ok= =but as there is a relation between this two XXX so you can use one minus (.) this↓ to get (.) the (.1) XXX [probability you (.) need XXX XXX S2: [mm: XXX mm: XXX IS31: now you know the (.) probability should be x (.) greater than (five°) XXX XXX yea° (.2) XXX and it's better to do ((inaudible)) XXX S2: but in the answers, XXX IS31: ah XXX S2: ((pause while looking at phone)) XXX IS31: ((looks at time and turns to S3)) XXX actually I will (.) leave soon, XXX do you [have a question XXX S3: [yea XXX seven two five right? XXX seven pi if I get a two (.) seven point two right? XXX IS31: [ah [seven six four two XXX S3: XXX IS31: uh: XXX S3: (how they get the seven six five eight) XXX I'm getting seven six four two. ((pause)) XXX XXX IS31: uh what's the number? number is (.) seven-XXX XXX S3: seven two five eight XXX IS31: uh: [is that ((unclear)) XXX XXX IS31: [actually for- for this case XXX I think you can either use (.) seven two:

or seven three XXX or the average of (seven three.°) XXX XXX S3: even if we uh use the seven three↓ seven six seven two° XXX IS31: mm: XXX S3: and you have here seven six five eight.° XXX IS31: I think you can use- uh-XXX S3: I think (you best use the R) XXX IS31: yea yea yea ((chuckle)) XXX you can use that XXX but um XXX for this case (.) uh XXX a better way is to use a average of this \downarrow (.) XXX two numbers. XXX S3: average of two numbers? XXX IS31: yea because-XXX S3: I'm not going to do that XXX IS31: ok yea th- that's also fine ((chuckle)) XXX XXX S3: thanks XXX S2: um ((IS31 turns to help S2)) XXX S3: I'll pass it ((still talking)) XXX it's not gonna give me extra credit or anything XXX either way I'm gonna get it right ((laughs)) ((IS31 not listening)) XXX