Stony Brook University

Academic Commons

Ethnography Transcription

A Longitudinal Study of Language Adaptation at Multiple Timescales in Native- and Non-Native Speakers

May 2020

LabPhysics_IS5_20151116_Seg03.pdf

Follow this and additional works at: https://commons.library.stonybrook.edu/language-adaptation-ethnography

Recommended Citation

"LabPhysics_IS5_20151116_Seg03.pdf" (2020). *Ethnography Transcription*. 139. https://commons.library.stonybrook.edu/language-adaptation-ethnography/139

This Lab-Physics is brought to you for free and open access by the A Longitudinal Study of Language Adaptation at Multiple Timescales in Native- and Non-Native Speakers at Academic Commons. It has been accepted for inclusion in Ethnography Transcription by an authorized administrator of Academic Commons. For more information, please contact mona.ramonetti@stonybrook.edu, hu.wang.2@stonybrook.edu.

Participants: IS5 (female, black sweater)

Xxx IS5: you have oh yea ((unclear)) Xxx Xxx today we are going to study the ((unclear)) Xxx equivalent of (.)-XXX heat. Xxx uh in this experiment, usually you have no need to use the computer, Xxx so first you need to-Xxx Xxx uh: Xxx disable your ap- apparatus. Xxx ok so look at your table, Xxx and this is the disk, first you need to uh: Xxx Xxx move the small clamps. if this clamps is on the disk Xxx Xxx so move it. let it leave the disk. Xxx Xxx and then uh: Xxx take the stop stopper out of the disk. Xxx Xxx and the:n (.) put the:: Xxx sermo thermometer on the de- on on the desk. Xxx Xxx and I think I ha- put all- >every thermometer on the desk< XXX Xxx and then there is two screw. Xxx and unscrew this to screw uh:-Xxx ok sorry. Xxx actually uh: Xxx you can (take) thethe inner ((puts down the disk)). Xxx the inner cup and outer cup Xxx is connect with the Xxx disk Xxx with the screw. Xxx

Setting: physics lab. S5 is teaching the class how to do the lab

```
Xxx
          do you you can uh
Xxx
          unscrew this to screw to
Xxx
          uh take the
Xxx
          inner cup and outer cup. ((looks for something))
Xxx
          and: uh
          this is what you need to do in this section
Xxx
Xxx
          and after you get this to uh:
Xxx
          ((moves to the other side))
Xxx
          uh: (these) two cups
          and matter ((I think she means measure?))
Xxx
          the mass of this
Xxx
          (measure) the total mass of this two.
Xxx
          and we ((unclear)) -
Xxx
Xxx
          ((she looks at the bottom of the cup and turns))
          and we use ((moves to the blackboard with equation))
Xxx
Xxx
          MV to represent total mass of of the of this two
cups.
          and after that we need to measure the (stirring rod).
Xxx
Xxx
          this is the mass.
Xxx
          this is the stirring rod
          which is used to uh:
Xxx
Xxx
          to ((unclear)) (the water),
          ((moves back to blackboard))
Xxx
          and then measure the mass of the thermometer,
Xxx
Xxx
          which use M TH to express.
          and after that you need to measure the room
Xxx
          temperature.
XXX
          of- because it- it take some time
Xxx
Xxx
          to-to let the thermo-thermometer to measure the:
          room of-
Xxx
Xxx
          room tem-
Xxx
          room temperature so.
Xxx
          I have put them on the (.) desk
Xxx
          (you know) while so
          maybe later you can read ((past tense)) the-
Xxx
Xxx
          numbers on the thermometer
Xxx
          and the
Xxx
          um:
Xxx
          temperature of the room.
          but uh:-
Xxx
          but the temp-
Xxx
```

```
Xxx
          the measurement of each group should not be same.
Xxx
          because of the (.) thermometers so-
Xxx
          you don't need to compare other's results
Xxx
          you guys results are similar but not the same.
Xxx
          and after you measure the mass of the room temp
XXX
          um:
Xxx
          you have measure the temperature.
Xxx
          then
Xxx
          uh:
Xxx
          put some water,
Xxx
          and ((unclear))
Xxx
          and ice into the inner (.) cup.
Xxx
          put some water and ice into inner cup.
Xxx
          and then
          measure the mass of the inner cup.
XXX
Xxx
          and outer cup.
Xxx
          and water.
Xxx
          uh:
Xxx
          together and the total mass of the-
Xxx
          use the total mass minus the mass of uh inner and br-
3:00
Xxx
          and outer cup you can get the mass of the water,
Xxx
          and then you can fill the first table in your
XXX
          worksheet.
Xxx
          and after that ((looks for something))
Xxx
          sorry uh:
          after then you you need to ag- uh: wait for some time
Xxx
Xxx
          to make sure that the temperature of the water is 608
          uh below the room temperature.
Xxx
Xxx
          and after that uh-
Xxx
          when when the >temperature of the water satisfy the
XXX
          requirement<
Xxx
          then you can ((grabs something))
Xxx
          put the:
Xxx
          cup,
XXX
          into the-
          I don't know what's this.
Xxx
Xxx
          maybe crack
          and make sure that there is two uh-
Xxx
          kind of things.
Xxx
          and make sure that it uh:-
Xxx
```

```
Xxx
          and then the same thing in this sect-
Xxx
          ((fiddles with the cup)
Xxx
          and:
          after that, ((fiddling still)
Xxx
Xxx
          ok after that.
          put the screw here,
Xxx
XXX
          to screw them.
Xxx
          to fix the inner cup.
          and the disk.
XXX
          and then uh:
Xxx
          put this into the stopper,
Xxx
          >(thermo) into the stopper<.
Xxx
Xxx
          and the stir-
Xxx
          and this one to us- to reassemble you apparatus.
Xxx
          yes.
          and after that,
Xxx
          >the important thing you need to< turn your (crack).
TRF
          and uh: ((looks down))
TRF
TRF
          uh look at your ((unclear))-
TRF
          there should be a counter,
TRF
          there should a counter yea. ((goes to another
station))
TRF
          here.
          there should be a counter uh so-
TRF
TRF
          you need to use a counter to to make sure the- the
TRF
          number of the:-
          ((walks around for eraser))
TRF
          need to use the counter to-
TRF
          the (third) is to reassemble.
TRF
TRF
          and four is to measure the temperature,
TRF
          and first you need to make your coun-
TRF
          ((she saids first again but its a subgroup of the
TRF
          previous point so it makes sense))
          check your counter.
TRF
          the thing is uh:-
TRF
          some of uh:-
TRF
TRF
          you can uh-
          make a symbol on the on this thing
Xxx
          and try to let-
Xxx
          let the ((unclear)) rotate for once.
Xxx
          and and to say
Xxx
```

```
your counter jumped for one or ten.
XXX
Xxx
          because it's different.
Xxx
          some- some one-
Xxx
          some uh counter jump for ten and some for one.
Xxx
          so you need to check this one.
          and if you- if your counter jump for ten,
Xxx
Xxx
          so the result-
Xxx
          (I mean) final n you got from the:
          counter you need to over 10.
Xxx
          to get the exact number,
Xxx
XXX
          (you will you take).
6:00
          and second uh you need to-
Xxx
Xxx
          make sure that the uh-
Xxx
          put uh-
Xxx
          put this (clamper) on the disk to increase the (.)
Xxx
          friction,
          and uh when you ((clears throat))-
Xxx
Xxx
          where is the ((looks))-
Xxx
          and then put the string in the grove.
          to make sure that there are aligned
Xxx
Xxx
          to the: ((fixes))-
          to the (.) - to the- ((thinks hard))
Xxx
          ((unclear)) of the disk.
Xxx
Xxx
          and then we use the (rotate),
          ok so it's not very
Xxx
Xxx
          when you rotate the crank,
          the disk will rotate,
Xxx
Xxx
          so ((does it))
Xxx
          and you can read the force from the:-
Xxx
          spring,
Xxx
          and it might be jumped from uh: the >between two
values
Xxx
          so you can you uh the value uh
          record is the< average value.
Xxx
Xxx
          and then,
          while one of you is taking the- keeping the-
XXX
          you the (crank)
Xxx
          don't stop.
XXX
Xxx
          and then another one with the temperature,
          with the temperature and the force.
Xxx
```

```
until the temperature of the water is higher than
Xxx
Xxx
          temperature of the room.
XXX
          of the room temperature,
Xxx
          yes.
          and: uh when you get the final temperature,
Xxx
Xxx
          and compare it with the initial temperature
          and difference of them is (delta) T.
Xxx
Xxx
          you need to write on your (.) worksheet.
Xxx
          and yea.
Xxx
          that's (what you do).
          >do you have any question<</pre>
Xxx
          so you can start.
Xxx
          ((sighs))
Xxx
```